



## CCTV Live Sales

Li He, Yang Yugen

With epidemic situation effectively controlled, resuming production gradually starts all over the country.

CCTV puts forward the special program for economic recovery on May 1 to encourage domestic consumption.

The program is hosted by four outstanding hosts. Its style is humorous and active but there is no lack of product introduction. Kang Hui recommends a coffee machine, not only analyzing its advantages in detail but also giving some suggestions. The conversations between anchors and guests are very interesting. Sa Beining always enlivens the atmosphere and avoids embarrassment. Zhu Guangquang can use rhyme to make his words catchy. Nigemaiti Reheman personally cuts cucumbers and barbecues on the scene.

When first taking part in live sales, they made some mistakes, but they overcome them with their rich experience. Moreover, the staff in the show not only help the hosts introduce the products, but also deal with unexpected problems.

The live broadcast sets a record of ¥528.6 million and the audience also exceeds 10 million. It is enough to see that online sales are very successful. The live broadcast completely breaks the stereotypical image of the CCTV hosts, at whose professional ability, rich language skills, humorous style the audience are amazed. It is a kind of "internet celebrity" live broadcast with goods.

In the future, the live broadcasts will be accompanied by the professional upgrading of anchors and content. The value of transmission is expected to rise from entertainment to knowledge. Generally speaking, the program benefits the consumers, and brings joy to them. The purpose is not only to restore the economy, but also to send us a signal that life will be better tomorrow after this disaster.

## Zhong Guo Nu Pai

Luo Qingshuang

On September 28, 2019, the movie Zhong

Guo Nu Pai (Chinese Women's Volleyball) released a congratulatory video to celebrate the Chinese Women's volleyball team's victory over Serbia in the 13th

Women's Volleyball World Cup in Tokyo. Since then a sports film, not a documentary, has been ready to rekindle patriotism in China. The film, with a new Chinese name "duo guan" (Leap), is expected to be released on Sept. 25, 2020 due to the gradual return to the normal state in China after the outbreak of Covid-19.

Directed by Peter Chan, the film stars Gong Li, Huang Bo, Wu Gang, Peng Yechang, Bai Lang and the Chinese national women's volleyball team. The film tells the story of several generations of Chinese women's volleyball team and their tenacious struggle for glory for the country since 1980s to the present. The major character is Lang Ping who is the legendary female volleyball player and coach in China. As an outside hitter, her agile movement and strong attack impressed the whole world in the 1980s, which won her a nickname "Iron Hammer." She has been an icon of the Opening-up of China.

Chinese Women's Volleyball Team is like beautiful fireworks, but the spirit has always taken the spotlight. The indomitable spirit is shown when the girls fight for the last minute.



## The Pursuit of Happiness

Yang Yugen

The film has drawn its materials from real life. The protagonist is based on African-American investment expert Chris Gardner.

The film tells an African man, Chris, supporting his wife and his child by selling. He was laid off and his wife, taking the six-year-old son, ran away from home because she could not bear the long life of poverty. Later, his wife sent the son back and then disappeared without a trace. Therefore, Chris was under the pressure of working and raising the child.

Shortly afterwards, his landlord told him to leave because he could not pay for the rent, and he had to lead a vagrant life with his son. In the next two years, they slept on cardboard boxes or even in the toilet. Chris often did casual work to make money and cultivated his son the optimistic spirit. Although their life was hard, they enjoyed their life.

It was not until he met a man driving a sports car and Chris asked him, "What kind of work did you do to become rich?" The man told him that he was a stock investor. Then he decided to be a man like him and began to acquire knowledge about stock. With his unremitting efforts, he finally worked at a stock company as he had expected.

This movie mainly tells us life will encounter many difficulties, but on condition that we have hope, we will get out of the trouble.



## Contagion

Liu Wenshi  
Luo Qingshuang  
Li He

Contagion is a 2011 American movie inspired by SARS, which is mentioned again due to the ravage of Covid-19. The film only scores 6.7 points in the Douban, an Internet criticism forum in China, and viewers often get bored with the bizarre setting. It arouses the controversy of the characterization, but we may marvel at the director's imagination when we are in the same situation of the pandemic this year.

The film begins with Beth, Thomas's wife, who died suddenly after a business trip from Hong Kong. And many of the same symptoms appeared in London, Paris and Tokyo, etc. A pandemic was widely spread. At that critical moment, a journalist posted fake information; the nurses' union went on a strike. Although drowned in grief, Thomas, starring Matt Damon, tried to find out the truth with other victims' families. Realistic techniques used in the film describe the global pandemic, followed by a series of social problems—rumors, loots at the supermarket, the professionals kidnapped, etc.

The film uses professional vocabulary; it also proves the ability of the director when it is closely joint with reality. It is full of irony and implication—the overstating media, opaque news, and the priority of officials to receive the new vaccination.

The multiple plots of the whole movie do not deliberately make dramatic conflict. On the contrary, it shows the complexity of human nature in the face of the crisis—benevolence vs. selfishness, hope vs. despair, when some people sacrifice themselves to control it. Dr. Ally took risk to test vaccine for saving people and family. In the disaster, some people only saw interests and fears, while others chose to save life, just like a subtitle says "Nothing spread like fear". Fortunately, people were not knocked down. They broke through many difficulties and finally developed a vaccine to cure the virus.



I watched the movie Life at a Gallop during the winter holiday. The movie tells the story of a racer who has neither money nor car but the support of parents and friends. The team cooperation competition deserves respect.

Although there are many funny scenes in this movie, I am touched by Zhang Chi, the racer. Zhang Chi practiced car racing twenty times a day during his five-year ban, and he insisted

## Brave Pursuit of Dreams

Wang Huanhuan

that he could play again. When he was looking for a sponsor, he was very persistent in dancing and singing, just to get money to modify a car.

As the caption at the end of the video says, "Dedicated to everything you love is more valuable than turning over the salted fish." The dream is unstoppable. Currently, few people are willing to mention dreams. But the dream of our generation should be a belief and the source of power to guide us to make unremitting efforts.

Hope you can brave pursuit of your dreams.



# YOUNG VOICE

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## Covid-19 Hit China

Liu Jiarong, Wan Yanan

An unknown pneumonia suddenly hit Wuhan, Hubei Province at the beginning of 2020. It seriously endangered the whole country and ruined the festive Spring Festival. The majority of patients have reported fever, cough and shortness of breath. On February 11, 2020, Dr Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus, Director-General of WHO, who announced that the pneumonia should be named "Covid-19" (Corona Virus Disease 2019). Academician Zhong Nanshan confirmed the human-to-human transmission of the virus On January 20.

To contain the epidemic from further spreading, Wuhan was in lockdown since Jan. 23. The city's urban bus, subway, ferry and long-distance passenger transportation would be suspended. From 00:00 on January 26, all non-essential vehicles were banned in downtown Wuhan except for vehicles with permits that are used to guarantee material supply, provide free transportation, and serve public affairs. Other Cities, like E'zhou, Xiantao, Zhijiang, also took the same measures. The whole country was in crisis.

The CPC Central Committee has always given top priority to the safety and health of the people, and has always been people-centered and committed to the supremacy of the people and life. The central government deployed hundreds of medical rescue teams rapidly deployed to Wuhan and Hubei, built hospitals, concentrated patients, experts and resources, to improve admission rate and cure rate and decrease the rate of infection and disease death. By May 15, 2020, the cumulative confirmed cases have 84469; the cumulative cured cases have 79644; the existing confirmed cases have 181; the cumulative death cases have 4644; the asymptomatic patients have 619.

The local authorities and millions of volunteers made every effort to combine epidemic prevention and control with work and production resumption.

## All Wuhan Citizens to Receive Nucleic Acid Testing

Shu Cong

Wuhan held a meeting on the deployment of "strengthening nucleic acid testing and speeding up the rhythm of screening asymptomatic infected persons" on May14. Next, Wuhan will proceed with the nucleic acid testing for all citizens in an orderly manner to get a clear picture of the number of asymptomatic infected people and effectively control so as to reassure the people of the whole country.

Nucleic acid testing is a significant manes for regular prevention and control of COVID-19. It is conducive to the early detection and treatment of confirmed cases, as well as the early isolation of asymptomatic infected persons. The test objects are permanent residents and temporary residents in the city who have not been tested for COVID-19 nucleic acid. The government has made it a priority to the residents in the community with coronavirus infection, the old community and the densely-populated community. It's carried out in units of districts, and each district shall keep abreast of the completion of nucleic acid sampling and coverage to guarantee that everything are in smooth water without any omission or duplication.

Wuhan has always been dispatching the testing resources of all parties, optimizing the testing methods, improving the testing capacity and providing support for the screening work. In principle, the funds needed for screening shall be shared by the municipal and district finance in a 1:1 ratio. The COVID-19 prevention and control headquarters in Wuhan has urged citizens to dispel misgivings, actively cooperate with the screening and take responsibility for themselves and others.



## High School Students Return to School

Zhao Yuanhao

On May 7, senior high school students returned to the campus smoothly as was arranged by the Ministry of Education. The students returning to the campus need to accept the inspection by the school.

For one thing, what the school should do is to understand the health condition of students, to increase the intensity of virus detection, and to ensure that every student returning to the school is safe, so as to give students a healthy and safe environment. For another thing, the students should adjust themselves to the normal sate at campus and take protective measures to better protect themselves. What's more, they had better prepare the learning content and make a summary plan for the whole winter vacation and home life. Besides, they need to make learning plans, make different choices for different subjects, and arrange learning tasks reasonably.

Generally, as for teachers and students returning to school, they should have a positive and optimistic attitude to meet their new life. As for schools, they should take good care of students who want to return to school and prevent new dropouts due to the virus.



## Over 50,000 Cases Confirmed in the US

Shu Cong, Zhao Yuanhao

The number confirmed cases of Covid-19 in the United States has surpassed 500,000, with 501,648 cases and 18,666 deaths 18,666 deaths, as was shown in world meters website at GMT Beijing time at 7 o'clock, April 11.

There are two obvious voices in the United States on COVID-19. One is the political voice led by the President's administration and members of congress, who advocate the opening up of the American states and the full recovery of the economy. The other is the voice of scientists, such as epidemiologist Forego, who warn that the epidemic hasn't been fully contained in the United States, and an early economic recovery could lead to new peaks in the epidemic.

Defending against viruses ought to be a "people's war" led by science. Nevertheless, "Scientific America" is unprecedentedly weaker than ever, and "Political America" is highlighted and strengthened. From the President to other top officials to some key members of the U.S. Congress, all of them have always been announcing downright brave words, stressing the necessity for America to return to work, and fermenting distrust among the masses towards experts' words. They are even trying to strike "political balance" with China.

## President Xi: Fighting COVID-19 Through Solidarity and Cooperation

Zhao Yuanhao, Shu Cong, Liu Zixiao



团结合作战胜疫情  
共同构建  
人类卫生健康共同体

President Xi Jinping called on to make concerted efforts to protect the life and health of people in all countries, when he delivered a speech at the Virtual Event of Opening of the 73rd World Health Assembly in Beijing on 18 May, 2020.

At the critical moment as the human race battles Covid-19, President Xi emphasized that the virus is the most serious threat to human health since the end of World War II. He urged all

countries in the world to take effective measures to prevent viruses, strengthen information sharing, and exchange useful experiences and practices with each other.

To bring the virus under control, he makes the following proposals: to do everything for COVID-19 control and treatment; to support WHO; to provide greater support for Africa; to strengthen global governance in the area of public health; to restore economic and social development; to strengthen international cooperation.

China upholds the vision of a community of shared future for mankind. In so far, China has sent more than 20 medical teams to provide much-needed material assistance to more than 150 countries and international organizations. For days on end, the multinational media think highly of China as well as reckon that China has played a significant role in this battle, injecting robust power and confidence for overcoming epidemic simultaneously.



## Virus Whistleblower Li Wenliang

Tan Lianfen, Zhang Lanlan

A miracle didn't happen. Dr. Li Wenliang died of the coronavirus on Feb. 7. Many paid respects to his integrity and honesty, hailing him as a heroic whistleblower who tried to save lives.

Dr. Li Wenliang, an ophthalmologist at Wuhan Central Hospital, alerted fellow doctors Dec. 30 about the emergence of a SARS-like illness, warning them to wear protective clothing to avoid infection. As one of the eight "whistleblowers," he was reprimanded by local police later. It is the sense of responsibility that emboldens him to sound the whistle of warning of thinness. In the fight against the epidemic, Dr. Li, who knew the risks but stuck to the most dangerous positions. After contracting the virus on Jan. 30, he told reporters in his hospital bed that he hoped to be cured as soon as possible and returned to the front-line battlefield. Unfortunately, he did not get recovered even though he had received an all-effort rescue. His death led to an outpouring of grief and anger on the Internet.

The Government of Wuhan issued a public notice in the official website expressing condolences over his death, paying tribute to his adherence to the front-line in fighting the epidemic, and expressing condolences to his family. On Mar. 6, China's top health and human resources authorities honored a group of frontline Chinese doctors as outstanding individuals in combating the deadly coronavirus, including Dr. Li who was also honored posthumously.



## Zhong Nanshan, a Legendary Doctor

Wang Qian, Lu Chaonan, Zhang Lanlan

Zhong Nanshan, who is part of the premier medical scientists in the 21st century, was born in Guangzhou in 1941. He was a graduate of Beijing Medical College and he went abroad for further education. Since then, he has devoted all his life to the medical field. It was SARS that broke out in 2003 that made him a well-known doctor. It is also his appearance, in the face of the virus, that people did not worry but unite to fight the virus and successfully control the virus.

"Send the most critical patients to me," he said that in a decisive moment of SARS seventeen years ago. Having heard the news of suspected cases, he took the high-speed railway with dense passengers to arrive in Wuhan as soon as possible. It was the arrival of academican Zhong Nanshan that we have a preliminary understanding of the virus. After his research, he was asked by CCTV on January 20 and claimed the fact of human-to-human transmission and the necessity of strict prevention. He appealed to the public not to go to Wuhan without special circumstances. He has been sticking to the prevention and control, and studying the methods to combat the virus.

No matter it was SARS or Covid-19 he always rushed to the front line at the first time, stuck to his post, and used his life-long knowledge to go against the viruses. Throughout his life, he is for the country and the people. On August 11 he was awarded the Medal of the Republic, the highest state honor of China, for his outstanding contributions in China's fight against the COVID-19 epidemic. His spirit of devotion and profession has motivated millions of Chinese people.



## Wang Yong: "The Most Beautiful Courier"

Cheng Xiaoli, Tan Lianfen, Ye Chao

Wang Yong is a courier in Wuhan who is busy delivering work every day. Except for the daily work, he also occasionally drives Didi to earn extra money for his family. However, the outbreak of virus has changed his life. In Chinese the New Year's Eve night, Wang Yong looked through information on the mobile phone about the virus. Out of curiosity, he entered a volunteer-established WeChat group. It wasn't until he saw constant and urgent requests that he finally decided to act.

The first transfer was a nurse at Jinyintan Hospital, Wuhan. He didn't get scared until he actually got the nurse on car that walked out of the hospital. "I was a little flustered when she sat up," Wang recalled "my two legs had been shaking for a day."

After two or three days of pick-up and drop-off, Wang found that he couldn't handle all these things just by himself. Thus he began to recruit volunteers. To get the medical staff have meals, Wang firstly spent his own money ordering meals for them. However, because of the burden of long-term expenses, he began to look for food resources online. With the help of volunteers and relevant government departments, he quickly did it. "There's not much we can do ... the only thing we can do is to give them rear support, so they don't have to worry about it."

Wang Yong said that the country's strength and progress cannot be separated from everyone's effort. The 35-year-old courier has been recognized by the United Nations as a "10 leaders who can inspire you to change the world" list due to his volunteer work.



## Chen San

Lin Xiaoyan, Dong Gege

One day in late February, 2020, since the courier mistakenly sent the online shopping goods to the wrong place, a buyer sent a message to "Shuaishuai" by WeChat, "@ Shuaishuai, the ordered food has been sent to the wrong place. What should I do if the delivery man has left?" "Deal with it now."

Half an hour later, a message returned to the buyer, "All the food you ordered have been taken back and delivered to you!"

Who is "Shuaishuai"? "Shuaishuai" is Chen San, a handsome teacher at the School of Foreign Languages in

## Li Lanjuan

Wang Qian, Lu Chaonan

In the fight against this virus, a 73-year-old female academican did not hesitate to hasten to the battle line. She took the lead to the city of Wuhan. After fighting SARS in 2003 and H7N9 in 2013, she went to the front of the battle again. She is Li Lanjuan.

Li Lanjuan, an admirable doctor who was leader of national discipline of infectious diseases, was from Zhejiang in 1947. Even though she was born in a poor family, she had excellent academic performance.

On January 18, she was entrusted by the State Council and the Health Commission, arriving in Wuhan with academican Zhong Nanshan and additional six experts. As a national expert, she put forward the judgment of the epidemic situation, especially the important suggestions that Wuhan should take the measures of "no entry and no exit," and that the Covid-19 infection should be classified into class B management and the prevention and control measures for class A infectious diseases be taken. She firmly suggested to the central government that "Wuhan must be closed." "I think that this old lady is really the backbone of our Chinese nation," said Jiang Yingan, deputy of the People's Hospital of Wuhan University. To observe patients and study virus, she only slept three hours a day. With the efforts of her research team, they found substances inhibitory effects on the virus. Academican Li Lanjuan hoped the younger generation should set up the correct outlook on life and not idolize a star blindly.

Hubei Polytechnic University. As a new member of the second Party branch of the School, on February 15, he voluntarily joined the prevention and control team for the pandemic and guarded his community every three hours a day. At the most critical moment, when volunteers must be 24 hours on duty, he said: "I'm young and I'll take the duty at night. Since most of the team members are females, I think their children need them more." In addition, he went into the 104 households one by one to complete the temperature measurement and health information collection.

Mr. Chen gave full play the pioneering role of the Communist Party. "Facing the outbreak of epidemic at the beginning is also very worrisome, but as a college teacher and the Party member, I should take the responsibility to fight against it without hesitation", he said with a determined look.



## The History of Epidemics in the West

Wang Min, Zhou Juan

The history of mankind is also the history of the fight against infectious diseases, smallpox, plague, influenza, AIDS... Infectious diseases are human disasters, and to some extent also promote the development of human civilization. It can be said that human beings need the ability to conquer infectious diseases if they want to develop to a certain scale.

On the mummy of Pharaoh Ramses V (1149 B.C.—1145 B. C.), archaeologists have found smallpox tattooed on his face. It may be the earliest case of smallpox ever found. From 431 B.C. to 404 B.C., Athens suffered several plagues in the course of the Peloponnesian War. A quarter of the Athenian army died of the plague, including Pericles, the consul. The plague weakened the Athenian army and eventually tarnished the golden age of Ancient Greek civilization.

A more destructive plague, known as the "Black Death", returned and destroyed almost a quarter to a third of Europe's population from 1347 to 1352. It not only put the social and economic life in Europe in a turbulent situation, but also left a serious sequel in their mind. On the one hand, the Black Death smashed the authority of the Church. On the other hand, the "European agricultural depression period" also brought opportunities for change in the long run: the robust urban economy and the Renaissance.

In the early 16th century, European colonists brought smallpox to the American continent. What historians call "the greatest genocide in the history of mankind" was accomplished not even by guns, but by smallpox. At the end of the 15th century, when Europeans set foot on the American continent, there were 20 to 30 million indigenous people living there. About 100 years later, the aboriginal population was less than 1 million. The spread of smallpox has had the characteristics of "equality" and a lot of nobles and kings died of smallpox. To control the disease, medical scientists invented vaccinations in the 17th century. Hundreds of millions of infections were cured. And smallpox has been the first and currently the only virus to be conquered since October 25, 1979.

In 1918, a worldwide influenza accelerated to the end of the First World War. When WWI was over, the plague was still rampant. In this unprecedented disaster, what couldn't be determined was the total number of deaths. The most conservative estimate is more than 20 million people while the highest estimate is 100 million, which topped the total number of deaths in World War I. The 1918 flu also accelerated the process of people understanding the viruses: from the germ theory to pathogens, penicillin, electron microscopes, vaccine, etc. Besides, it also led to a change in public health systems around the world.



## Mosaic of Ordinary People's Life

Lin Xiaoyan, Dong Gege

Ordinary people's life has been affected during the epidemic. The following facts will not be forgotten:

- On the afternoon of Chinese New Year's Eve, Mr. Qin, a vegetable farmer, drove his agricultural tricycle for more than 40 kilometers, carrying the fresh vegetables, to Wuhan Marriott Hotel where a 400 medical and nursing staff medical team from Beijing and Shanghai lived.
- To relieve the pressure on her colleagues, Gan Ruiyi, a 24-year-old nurse, rode her bicycle alone hundreds of kilometers and returned to a hospital in Wuhan.
- Dual Yellow Oral Liquid, or Shuanghuanglian in Chinese, "can inhibit coronavirus," as found in a joint study by Shanghai Institute of Pharmacy under the Chinese Academy of Sciences and Wuhan Institute of Virology. The medicine was quickly sold out online.
- 520,000 schools were closed and more than 200 million students returned home to study online across China.
- Surveillance by UNMANNED aerial vehicles is a new means of prevention and control of COVID-19. Drones inspect communities, villages and important traffic arteries several times a day, and speak to citizens who gather illegally without wearing masks.
- Since March, the number of flights returning home has dropped sharply, and the price of international air tickets has gone up, from about 20,000 to more than 100,000 yuan.
- In order to ensure that people's daily life during home quarantine will not be affected, millions of community volunteers all over the country provide one-stop services.



- In early march, to celebrate the official end of quarantine observation in the residents in a community in Chengdu, Sichuan Province sang My Motherland and I together by the windows.
- On April 4, the national flag was lowered to half-staff at Tian'anmen Square in Beijing to express the deep condolences to the martyrs who lost their lives in the fight against COVID-19. On that day, the pages of major websites were all gray.

## China's Sense of Responsibility

Li Ting, Zhao Weimin

China is the first country in which the COVID-19 was identified. Also, China is the first country that effectively controls the epidemic. Although China has confronted many difficulties, China shows a sense of responsibility to the whole world.

Up to March 26, China has provided assistance to 89 countries and four international organizations in four batches. China has deployed 15 batches of teams of medical experts to the countries affected by the pandemic: Italy, Iran, Iraq, Serbia, Cambodia and so on. Mi Feng, a spokesman for the National Health Commission, mentioned at a regular daily briefing on May 2nd, "China will continue to work together with the international community

## Coronavirus Stigmatization

Fu Yujie, Huang Yuxuan

The coronavirus was named COVID-19 by the World Health Organization on Feb. 11. However, the virus has had controversial names. When the virus first appeared last December, medical journals often described it as "the new coronavirus in 2019." On April 7, Nature in its editorial made an apology for using "Chinese coronavirus" and "Wuhan coronavirus" because the terms are offensive and discriminative against the Chinese. However, with fear spreading through social media, the stigmatization has exacerbated internationally. US President Donald Trump has repeatedly linked the virus to China. On Mar. 17, he sent twitter that some industries like airlines and others had been particularly affected by the "Chinese Virus." Moreover, the son of the Brazilian President called it "China's fault."

It is irresponsible to insist on linking a virus to a place, and it needs to be stopped. As infectious disease epidemiologist Dr. Adam Kucharski reminded us in a timely manner in The Rules of Contagion published this February: history tells us that epidemics can lead to stigmatization of groups, so we all should speak and act cautiously.

Based on this situation, how should we deal with the stigmatization of coronavirus?

Firstly, we should keep in close contact with the World Health Organization. As in 2015, the World Health Organization issued guidelines aiming at unnecessarily negatively affecting the name of diseases on trade, travel, tourism or animal welfare, to avoid offending any cultural, social, national, regional, professional, or ethnic group. It requires scientists, journalists, and health officials to use neutral generic terms when referring to new human infectious diseases. Just as Nature urged the whole world, "Stop the coronavirus stigma now."

Secondly, China should actively respond to the epidemic, removing the virus and winning the respect of the world. Facts have proved that China has done a good job. It is indeed a responsible country that solves the problem in obscurity, rather than blindly shirking its responsibilities as the United States, leading to the unimaginable epidemic disaster.

China does have this strength to contribute to global epidemic prevention and control, and it has indeed done so. In this epidemic, China has demonstrated the cohesiveness of the whole nation in fighting against the epidemic. Though there lies discrimination and racism, China can still create a favorable landscape.



to battle the disease". Among the teams dispatched, Jiangsu Province sent an expert team to Venezuela to help their local counterparts in late March. Huang Mao, head of the Intensive Care Unit Center of Jiangsu Province Hospital, said the team came in on March 30 after 30 hours of flying, spanning 15,000 km. These Chinese great anti-epidemic heroes have no complaints, and they just keep trying to think for everyone and hope that the epidemic will pass as soon as possible. They serve patients in every country.

In this outbreak, the global goal is to fight the epidemic together and minimize the economic impact. Some countries only turn to who for help, but they don't know what they should do to prevent and control the epidemic. Instead, they curse other countries and even spread the virus. This does not really solve the problem and only escalates the conflict. Instead of wantonly snapping at others, China has turned the global fight against the epidemic into something of its own—donating supplies, sending medical teams, actively researching and creating vaccines, and strengthening cooperation with WHO and countries with scientific and technological capabilities. These actions win the international acceptance and have fully mirrored China's sense of responsibility as a major country.

